

THREE WAYS TO VOTE

Vote By Mail

Any registered voter may vote by mail (no reason required). Vote By Mail is a convenient option to avoid waiting in line at an early voting site or at your polling place. Ballots may be requested in person, online at www.votelevy.com, by phone, mail, fax or email.



The voter's name, legal residence address and date of birth is required. A signature is also required when making a written request and/or when requesting a ballot to be mailed to an address not on the voter's record (except for absent uniformed service or overseas voters).

The last day to request a ballot to be mailed is October 31, 2018

Vote Early

Early Voting will take place at the following address during these dates and hours:



Levy County Supervisor of Elections Office
421 S. Court Street
Bronson, FL 32621

October 22, 2018 - November 3, 2018
8:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.

Vote on Election Day



You must cast your ballot at your assigned polling place on Election Day.

Registered and eligible voters who choose to vote on Election Day must cast their ballot at their assigned polling place. Refer to your Voter Information Card to find the name and address of your polling place. You may visit www.VoteLevy.com and click on "Check My Voter Status" to get your polling place information. Contact our office if you have questions or need to update your information. Florida law provides that "no person shall be permitted to vote in any election precinct or district other than the one in which the person has his or her legal residence and in which the person is registered."

Election Date: November 6, 2018

BEFORE GOING TO VOTE

YOUR SAMPLE BALLOT: REVIEW IT, MARK IT, TAKE IT TO THE POLLS You may mark your sample ballot and take it to the early voting site or polling place for your reference.

WHEN AND WHERE TO VOTE

On Election Day, polls are open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. You must vote at your assigned polling place. Contact the Supervisor of Elections' Office or visit our website if you need confirmation on where your polling place is located or have questions.

WHAT TO BRING

If you choose to vote in person during the early voting period or on Election Day, you must present a CURRENT and VALID photo identification (ID) along with a signature ID. A voter may present two separate forms of ID, one with a photo on it from the list below and another with a signature (may or may not be from the list below). Example: Photo on Student ID and signature on credit card; or photo on Military ID and signature on a library card are acceptable.

The photo ID must be from the list below:

- Florida Driver's License
- Florida ID Card issued by DMV
- United States Passport
- Debit or Credit Card
- Veteran Health ID Card
- Retirement Center ID
- Neighborhood Association ID
- License to carry a concealed weapon or firearm
- Public Assistance ID
- Military ID
- Student ID
- Federal, State, County, or Municipal Government Employee ID Card

*If you do not present the required ID at the polls, you may vote a provisional ballot.

A Voter Information Card may not be used as ID at the polls.

Tammy Jones
Supervisor of Elections

421 S Court St
Bronson, FL 32621



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Official Sample Ballot
General Election
November 6, 2018



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Levy County Supervisor of
Elections - Tammy Jones



Scan here with your
smartphone to find election
information on our website.
www.votelevy.com

VOTER REGISTRATION STATISTICS

As of 09/27/2018

TOTALS UPDATED DAILY AT WWW.VOTELEVY.COM

REPUBLICANS:	13,050
DEMOCRATS:	9,213
OTHERS:	5,507
TOTAL	27,770

Check your record online. Visit www.votelevy.com and select
"Check My Voter Status"

- ✓ Review/update your voter registration information
- ✓ Locate your Election Day polling location
- ✓ Look up your Florida Voter Registration Number
- ✓ See your sample ballot
- ✓ Look up future elections
- ✓ Review your voting activity for the past 12 months
- ✓ Check the status of your Vote by Mail ballot

SAMPLE BALLOT TIPS:

Use your sample ballot to help expedite voting at the polls. Mark the sample ballot at home, then take it with you to the polls so you can quickly copy your choices onto your official ballot.

Remember, this is only a sample ballot, not an actual ballot. DO NOT return this sample ballot to the Supervisor of Elections office. To request an official mail ballot, contact the office at 352-486-5163.

2018 General Election

Sample Ballot



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The General Election often brings out more voters than primary elections and this November the ballot will be longer than usual, on account of this, we are encouraging all voters to use this sample ballot to research and prepare for the election. This ballot will include 12 amendments and revisions to the Florida Constitution. Constitutional Revision No. 8 will not appear on your ballot due to a judicial ruling. More voters and longer ballots often mean longer lines on Election Day; therefore I highly recommend voting early or by mail.

I would like to acknowledge the poll workers that help make our elections possible. You do an outstanding job representing Levy County. You process our voters accurately and efficiently, and provide excellent customer service to each voter who participates. Your dedication to the process makes Levy County shine.

Our right to vote is a privilege that has been granted to us by the sacrifices of many, so it should not be taken lightly. It is my hope that all eligible voters remain actively informed on the very important democratic responsibility of voting. With this letter we have included a Spanish sample ballot pursuant to the Voting Rights Act of 1964 SEC. 4. (e).

As Supervisor of Elections, my staff and I are working hard to make sure all elections are conducted accurately and remain accessible to all voters with the transparency and integrity Levy County residents have come to respect. Thank you for taking the time to engage in the upcoming democratic process. We are counting on you – take the time to vote!

Tammy Jones
Supervisor of Elections

The Supervisor of Elections Office:

- 421 S Court St
Bronson, FL 32621
- Tel: (352) 486-5163
- Fax: (352) 486-5146
- E-mail: elections@votelevy.com
- Website: www.votelevy.com

COMMON ELECTION RELATED QUESTIONS

- 1) How can I learn more about judges' and justices' backgrounds?**
Biographies are on court websites, accessible through www.floridabar.org/TheVotesInYourCourt
- 2) How can I learn more about the Constitutional Amendments and Revisions?**
You may view or download a copy of the full text of each of the proposed Constitutional Amendments and Revisions by visiting www.VoteLevy.com. Midway down the main page, you will find a section named "2018 Constitutional Amendments." Click on the PDF and you will see the ballot title, ballot summary, and full text of each of the proposed Constitutional Amendments or Revisions.
- 3) Why is Amendment 8 missing from my ballot?**
Amendment 8 was removed from the ballot by the Florida Supreme Court.
- 4) Do I have to vote for every race or ballot question for my ballot to count?**
No, you are not required to vote the entire ballot. You may pick and choose the races or ballot questions for which you want to vote. Skipping sections of the ballot does not invalidate your ballot.
- 5) How long is my ballot?**
When voting in person or by mail you will receive one 17-inch page that is two sided. Be sure to vote both sides of the ballot if you want to vote on all races and ballot questions.

English Sample Ballot

United States Senator (Vote for 1)	Justice of the Supreme Court Shall Justice Alan Lawson of the Supreme Court be retained in office?	No.1 Constitutional Amendment, Article VII, Section 6, Article XII, Section 37
<input type="radio"/> Rick Scott REP <input type="radio"/> Bill Nelson DEM <input type="radio"/> Write-in _____	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Increased Homestead Property Tax Exemption Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to increase the homestead exemption by exempting the assessed valuation of homestead property greater than \$100,000 and up to \$125,000 for all levies other than school district levies. The amendment shall take effect January 1, 2019.
Representative in Congress District 2 (Vote for 1)	District Court of Appeal Shall Judge Harvey Jay of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Neal Dunn REP <input type="radio"/> Bob Rackleff DEM	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
Governor and Lieutenant Governor (Vote for 1)	District Court of Appeal Shall Judge Stephanie Ray of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Ron DeSantis Jeanette Nuñez REP <input type="radio"/> Andrew Gillum Chris King DEM <input type="radio"/> Darcy G. Richardson Nancy Argenziano REF <input type="radio"/> Kyle "KC" Gibson Ellen Wilds NPA <input type="radio"/> Ryan Christopher Foley John Tutton Jr NPA <input type="radio"/> Bruce Stanley Ryan Howard McJury NPA <input type="radio"/> Write-in _____	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
Attorney General (Vote for 1)	District Court of Appeal Shall Judge Brad Thomas of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Ashley Moody REP <input type="radio"/> Sean Shaw DEM <input type="radio"/> Jeffrey Marc Siskind NPA	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
Chief Financial Officer (Vote for 1)	District Court of Appeal Shall Judge Allen Winsor of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Jimmy Patronis REP <input type="radio"/> Jeremy Ring DEM <input type="radio"/> Write-in _____	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
Commissioner of Agriculture (Vote for 1)	Circuit Judge 8th Judicial Circuit, Group 8 (Vote for 1)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Matt Caldwell REP <input type="radio"/> Nicole "Nikki" Fried DEM	<input type="radio"/> David Robertson <input type="radio"/> Gloria Walker	
State Representative District 22 (Vote for 1)		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Charlie Stone REP <input type="radio"/> Bernard Parker DEM		

No. 4 Constitutional Amendment, Article VI, Section 4	No. 7 Constitutional Revision, Article IX, Sections 7 and 8, Article X, New Section	No. 11 Constitutional Revision, Article I, Section 2, Article X, Sections 9 and 19
Voting Restoration Amendment This amendment restores the voting rights of Floridians with felony convictions after they complete all terms of their sentence including parole or probation. The amendment would not apply to those convicted of murder or sexual offenses, who would continue to be permanently barred from voting unless the Governor and Cabinet vote to restore their voting rights on a case by case basis. The precise effect of this amendment on state and local government costs cannot be determined, but the operation of current voter registration laws, combined with an increased number of felons registering to vote, will produce higher overall costs relative to the processes in place today. The impact, if any, on state and local government revenues cannot be determined. The fiscal impact of any future legislation that implements a different process cannot be reasonably determined.	First Responder and Military Member Survivor Benefits; Public Colleges and Universities Grants mandatory payment of death benefits and waiver of certain educational expenses to qualifying survivors of certain first responders and military members who die performing official duties. Requires supermajority votes by university trustees and state university system board of governors to raise or impose all legislatively authorized fees if law requires approval by those bodies. Establishes existing state college system as constitutional entity; provides governance structure.	Property Rights; Removal of Obsolete Provision; Criminal Statutes Removes discriminatory language related to real property rights. Removes obsolete language repealed by voters. Deletes provision that amendment of a criminal statute will not affect prosecution or penalties for a crime committed before the amendment; retains current provision allowing prosecution of a crime committed before the repeal of a criminal statute.
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
No. 2 Constitutional Amendment, Article XII, Section 27	No. 9 Constitutional Revision, Article II, Section 7, Article X, Section 20	No. 12 Constitutional Revision, Article II, Section 8, Article V, Section 13, Article XII, New Section
Limitations on Property Tax Assessments Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to permanently retain provisions currently in effect, which limit property tax assessment increases on specified nonhomestead real property, except for school district taxes, to 10 percent each year. If approved, the amendment removes the scheduled repeal of such provisions in 2019 and shall take effect January 1, 2019.	Prohibits Offshore Oil and Gas Drilling; Prohibits Vaping in Enclosed Indoor Workplaces Prohibits drilling for the exploration or extraction of oil and natural gas beneath all state-owned waters between the mean high water line and the state's outermost territorial boundaries. Adds use of vapor-generating electronic devices to current prohibition of tobacco smoking in enclosed indoor workplaces with exceptions; permits more restrictive local vapor ordinances.	Lobbying and Abuse of Office by Public Officers Expands current restrictions on lobbying for compensation by former public officers; creates restrictions on lobbying for compensation by serving public officers and former justices and judges; provides exceptions; prohibits abuse of a public position by public officers and employees to obtain a personal benefit.
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
No. 3 Constitutional Amendment, Article X, Section 29	No. 5 Constitutional Amendment, Article VII, Section 19	No. 13 Constitutional Revision, Article X, New Section, Article XII, New Section
Voter Control of Gambling in Florida This amendment ensures that Florida voters shall have the exclusive right to decide whether to authorize casino gambling by requiring that in order for casino gambling to be authorized under Florida law, it must be approved by Florida voters pursuant to Article XI, Section 3 of the Florida Constitution. Affects articles X and XI. Defines casino gambling and clarifies that this amendment does not conflict with federal law regarding state/tribal compacts. The amendment's impact on state and local government revenues and costs, if any, cannot be determined at this time because of its unknown effect on gambling operations that have not been approved by voters through a constitutional amendment proposed by a citizens' initiative petition process.	Supermajority Vote Required to Impose, Authorize, or Raise State Taxes or Fees Prohibits the legislature from imposing, authorizing, or raising a state tax or fee except through legislation approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature in a bill containing no other subject. This proposal does not authorize a state tax or fee otherwise prohibited by the Constitution and does not apply to fees or taxes imposed or authorized to be imposed by a county, municipality, school board, or special district.	Ends Dog Racing Phases out commercial dog racing in connection with wagering by 2020. Other gaming activities are not affected.
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
No. 6 Constitutional Revision, Article I, Section 16, Article V, Sections 8 and 21, Article XII, New Section	No. 10 Constitutional Revision, Article III, Section 3, Article IV, Sections 4 and 11, Article VIII, Sections 1 and 6	State and Local Government Structure and Operation Requires legislature to retain department of veterans' affairs. Ensures election of sheriffs, property appraisers, supervisors of elections, tax collectors, and clerks of court in all counties; removes county charters' ability to abolish, change term, transfer duties, or eliminate election of these offices. Changes annual legislative session commencement date in even-numbered years from March to January; removes legislature's authorization to fix another date. Creates office of domestic security and counterterrorism within department of law enforcement.
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Rights of Crime Victims; Judges Creates constitutional rights for victims of crime; requires courts to facilitate victims' rights; authorizes victims to enforce their rights throughout criminal and juvenile justice processes. Requires judges and hearing officers to independently interpret statutes and rules rather than deferring to government agency's interpretation. Raises mandatory retirement age of state justices and judges from seventy to seventy-five years; deletes authorization to complete judicial term if one-half of term has been served by retirement age.		
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

Boleta de Muestra en Español

Senador de los Estados Unidos (Vote por 1)	Juez de la Corte Suprema ¿Deberá el Juez de la Corte Suprema de Justicia Alan Lawson seguir en su cargo?	N.º 1 Enmienda Constitucional, Artículo VII, Sección 6, Artículo XII, Sección 37
<input type="radio"/> Rick Scott REP <input type="radio"/> Bill Nelson DEM <input type="radio"/> Por Escrito _____	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	Aumento de la Exención sobre los Impuestos a la Propiedad de la Vivienda Familiar (Homestead) Se propone una enmienda a la Constitución del Estado con el fin de aumentar la exención fiscal de la vivienda familiar mediante la exención de la tasación fiscal de la propiedad de la vivienda familiar superior a \$100,000 y hasta \$125,000 para todos los gravámenes, a excepción de los gravámenes para distritos escolares. La enmienda entrará en vigencia el 1 de enero de 2019.
Representante en el Congreso Distrito 2 (Vote por 1)	Corte de Apelación del Distrito ¿Deberá el Juez del Tribunal de Apelaciones del Primer Distrito Harvey Jay seguir en su cargo?	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Neal Dunn REP <input type="radio"/> Bob Rackleff DEM	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	
Gobernador y Vice gobernador (Vote por 1)	Corte de Apelación del Distrito ¿Deberá la Jueza del Tribunal de Apelaciones del Primer Distrito Stephanie Ray seguir en su cargo?	N.º 2 Enmienda Constitucional, Artículo XII, Sección 27
<input type="radio"/> Ron DeSantis Jeanette Nuñez REP <input type="radio"/> Andrew Gillum Chris King DEM <input type="radio"/> Darcy G. Richardson Nancy Argenziano REF <input type="radio"/> Kyle "KC" Gibson Ellen Wilds NPA <input type="radio"/> Ryan Christopher Foley John Tutton Jr NPA <input type="radio"/> Bruce Stanley Ryan Howard McJury NPA <input type="radio"/> Por Escrito _____	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	Limitaciones sobre las Tasaciones Fiscales de las Propiedades Se propone una enmienda a la Constitución del Estado con el fin de conservar de manera permanente las disposiciones actualmente vigentes, las cuales limitan el aumento de las tasaciones fiscales sobre las propiedades en propiedades específicas que no sean destinadas a la vivienda familiar, a excepción de los gravámenes para distritos escolares, a un 10 % anual. Si se aprueba, la enmienda eliminará la revocación programada de dichas disposiciones para el 2019 y entrará en vigencia el 1 de enero de 2019.
Procurador General (Vote por 1)	Corte de Apelación del Distrito ¿Deberá la Jueza del Tribunal de Apelaciones del Primer Distrito Kemmerly Thomas seguir en su cargo?	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Ashley Moody REP <input type="radio"/> Sean Shaw DEM <input type="radio"/> Jeffrey Marc Siskind NPA	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	
Director de Finanzas (Vote por 1)	Juez de la Corte del Circuito Judicial 8 Grupo 8 (Vote por 1)	N.º 3 Enmienda Constitucional, Artículo X, Sección 29
<input type="radio"/> Jimmy Patronis REP <input type="radio"/> Jeremy Ring DEM <input type="radio"/> Por Escrito _____	<input type="radio"/> David Robertson <input type="radio"/> Gloria Walker	Control de Apuestas en Florida por parte de los Votantes La presente enmienda garantiza que los votantes de Florida tengan el derecho exclusivo a decidir si autorizan o no las apuestas en casinos, exigiendo que, para que estas sean autorizadas conforme a la ley de Florida, deban ser primero aprobadas por los votantes de Florida de conformidad con el Artículo XI, Sección 3 de la Constitución de Florida. Afecta los artículos X y XI. Define las apuestas en casinos y aclara que la presente enmienda no discrepa con la ley federal respecto a los convenios entre tribus y el estado. El impacto de la enmienda en los ingresos públicos y costos del gobierno estatal y local, si lo hubiere, no puede determinarse en este momento. Esto debido a que se desconoce su efecto en las operaciones de apuestas que no hayan sido aprobadas por los votantes mediante una enmienda constitucional propuesta a través de un proceso de petición de iniciativa por parte de los ciudadanos.
<input type="radio"/> Matt Caldwell REP <input type="radio"/> Nicole "Nikki" Fried DEM	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	
Representante Estatal Distrito 22 (Vote por 1)		<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No
<input type="radio"/> Charlie Stone REP <input type="radio"/> Bernard Parker DEM		

N.º 4 Enmienda Constitucional, Artículo VI, Sección 4	N.º 7 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo IX, Secciones 7 y 8, Artículo X, Nueva Sección	N.º 11 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo I, Sección 2, Artículo X, Secciones 9 y 19
Enmienda de Restablecimiento de Derechos al Voto La presente enmienda restablece los derechos de votación de los floridianos que han sido condenados por delitos graves después de que cumplan todos los términos de su sentencia, lo que incluye la libertad condicional o provisional. La enmienda no regiría a aquellos condenados por homicidio o delitos sexuales, a quienes se les seguiría prohibiendo de manera permanente votar, a menos que el Gobernador y el Gabinete votaran para restablecer sus derechos de votación según cada caso en particular. Los efectos precisos de la presente enmienda en los costos del gobierno estatal local no pueden determinarse. Sin embargo, la vigencia de las leyes actuales de inscripción de votantes, así como el mayor número de personas condenadas por delitos graves que se inscriban para votar, producirá mayores costos generales en relación a los procesos que existen actualmente. El impacto, si lo hubiere, en los ingresos públicos del gobierno estatal y local no puede determinarse. El impacto fiscal de cualquier legislación futura que implemente un proceso distinto no puede determinarse de manera razonable.	Beneficios para los Sobrevivientes de Miembros de Primeros Auxilios y Miembros Militares; Colegios y Universidades Públicas Concede el pago obligatorio de beneficios por fallecimiento y la exención de ciertos gastos de educación a los sobrevivientes calificados de ciertos miembros de primeros auxilios y miembros militares que mueran realizando tareas oficiales. Exige una supermayoría de votos de los administradores universitarios y de la junta de gobernadores del sistema universitario estatal para recaudar o imponer todas las tarifas autorizadas legislativamente si la ley requiere la aprobación de dichos organismos. Establece el sistema de colegios estatales existente como una entidad constitucional; proporciona estructura de gobierno.	Derechos de Propiedad; Eliminación de la Disposición Obsoleta; Estatutos Criminales Elimina el lenguaje discriminatorio relacionado con los derechos de propiedades determinadas. Elimina el lenguaje obsoleto derogado por los votantes. Elimina la disposición de que la enmienda de un estatuto penal no afectará el enjuiciamiento o las sanciones para un delito cometido antes de la enmienda; retiene la disposición actual que permite el enjuiciamiento de un delito cometido antes de la derogación de un estatuto penal.
<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No
N.º 5 Enmienda Constitucional, Artículo VII, Sección 19	N.º 9 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo II, Sección 7, Artículo X, Sección 20	N.º 12 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo II, Sección 8, Artículo V, Sección 13, Artículo XII, Nueva Sección
Voto Mayoritario Requerido para Imponer, Autorizar o Aumentar los Impuestos o Tasas Estatales Se prohíbe al sistema legislativo imponer, autorizar o aumentar los impuestos o tasas estatales, a excepción de cuando dos tercios de la membresía de cada cámara del sistema legislativo hayan aprobado la legislación a través de una ley que no contenga ninguna otra materia. Esta propuesta no autoriza un impuesto o tasa estatal que esté prohibido por la Constitución y no aplica a ningún impuesto o tasa impuesta por, o autorizada para su imposición por, un condado, municipalidad, junta escolar o distrito especial.	Prohibición de la Perforación de Petróleo y Gas en Alta Mar; Prohibición de Fumar Cigarrillos Electrónicos en Lugares de Trabajo Cerrados. Prohíbe la perforación para la exploración o extracción de petróleo y gas natural debajo de todas las aguas estatales entre la línea media de la pleamar y los límites territoriales más alejados del estado. Agrega, con excepciones, el uso de dispositivos electrónicos generadores de vapor a la prohibición actual de consumo de tabaco en lugares de trabajo cerrados; permite ordenanzas locales de vapor más restrictivas.	Cabildeo y Abuso de Poder por parte de Funcionarios Públicos Expande las restricciones actuales sobre el cabildeo para obtener compensación por parte de ex- funcionarios públicos; crea restricciones al cabildeo por compensación para funcionarios públicos en servicio y ex magistrados y jueces; proporciona excepciones; prohíbe el abuso de un cargo público por parte de funcionarios públicos y empleados para obtener un beneficio personal.
<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No
N.º 6 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo I, Sección 16, Artículo V, Secciones 8 y 21, Artículo XII, Nueva Sección	N.º 10 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo III, Sección 3, Artículo IV, Secciones 4 y 11, Artículo VIII, Secciones 1 y 6	N.º 13 Revisión Constitucional, Artículo X, Nueva Sección, Artículo XII, Nueva Sección
Derechos de las Víctimas de Delitos; Jueces Establece derechos constitucionales para las víctimas de delitos; exige que los tribunales faciliten los derechos de las víctimas; autoriza a las víctimas a hacer respetar sus derechos durante los procesos penales y de justicia juvenil. Exige que los jueces y los oficiales de audiencia interpreten de manera independiente los estatutos y las reglas en lugar de deferir a la interpretación de la agencia gubernamental. Aumenta la edad obligatoria de jubilación de jueces y magistrados estatales de setenta a setenta y cinco años; elimina la autorización para completar el término judicial si la mitad del plazo se ha cumplido antes de la edad de jubilación.	Estructura y Operación del Gobierno Estatal y Local Requiere legislatura para conservar el Departamento de Asuntos de Veteranos. Asegura la elección de alguaciles, tasadores de propiedad, supervisores de elecciones, recaudadores de impuestos y secretarios de tribunal en todos los condados; elimina la capacidad de los estatutos del condado para abolir, cambiar el mandato, transferir deberes o eliminar la elección de estos cargos. Cambia la fecha de inicio de la sesión legislativa anual en los años pares de marzo a enero; elimina la autorización de la legislatura para fijar otra fecha. Crea una oficina de seguridad nacional y contrterrorismo dentro del departamento de aplicación de la ley.	Fin a las Carreras Caninas Elimina progresivamente las carreras caninas comerciales relacionadas con apuestas para el 2020. Otras actividades de juego no se ven afectadas.
<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Sí <input type="radio"/> No